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FIRST LEAD KHRUSHCHEV (PRECEDE LONDON)

BY JOHN RODERICK

TOKYO, SUNDAY, OCT. 4 (AP)—NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV TOLD MAO TZE-TUNG IN A PARTING SPEECH TODAY RUSSIAN COMMUNISTS CONSIDER IT THEIR "SACRED DUTY" TO LIQUIDATE THE COLD WAR.

HAMMERING PUBLICLY FOR THE THIRD AND LAST TIME IN HIS FIVE-DAY RED CHINA VISIT ON THE THEME OF INTERNATIONAL RELAXATION OF TENSIONS, THE SOVIET PREMIER SAID ON TAKING OFF FOR MOSCOW:

"AT PRESENT, THE FORCES OF PEACE ARE STRONGER THAN EVER. THERE IS FULL ACTUAL POSSIBILITY TO BAR THE ROAD TO WAR. THE COMMON PEOPLE OF THE ENTIRE WORLD ARE BECOMING EVER MORE CONFIDENT THAT WITH THE GROWTH OF THE MIGHT OF THE WORLD SOCIALIST SYSTEM IT WILL BE POSSIBLE FOREVER TO ELIMINATE WAR AS A MEANS OF SOLVING INTERNATIONAL DISPUTES.

"THAT IS WHY WE COMMUNISTS OF THE SOVIET UNION CONSIDER IT AS OUR SACRED DUTY, OUR PRIMARY TASK, TO UTILISE THESE FAVORABLE CONDITIONS, TO UTILISE ALL POSSIBILITIES IN ORDER TO LIQUIDATE THE 'COLD WAR', AND GUARANTEE THE TRIUMPH OF THE CAUSE OF PEACE ON EARTH."

BUT, NOWHERE IN HIS CLOSING PLANESIDE REMARKS DID THE SOVIET LEADER SAY THAT HIS OFTEN STUBBORN CHINESE HOSTS HAD GIVEN THEIR BACKING TO THE SOVIET PEACE CAMPAIGN.

THIS OMISSION APPEARED TO INDICATE HE HAD FAILED TO WIN MAO OVER TO ANY MAJOR MOVE AIMED AT LOWERING THE TEMPERATURE OF THE COLD WAR.

WHEN HE ARRIVED LAST WEDNESDAY AND IN A SUBSEQUENT SPEECH AT A CHINESE RECEPTION, KHRUSHCHEV POINTEDLY CALLED ON THE ENTIRE SOCIALIST CAMP TO DO THEIR BIT IN EASING TENSIONS.

HIS FINAL SPEECH MADE NO FURTHER ALLUSIONS TO THIS, SPOKE ONLY OF THE RUSSIAN PARTY'S PEACE CAMPAIGN AND SAID THAT SINO-SOVIET FRIENDSHIP WAS "THE INVINCIBLE STRONGHOLD OF PEACE."

THOUGH THE CHINESE GAVE THEIR APPROVAL TO THE COMMUNIQUE SIGNED BY KHRUSHCHEV AND PRESIDENT EISENHOWER LAST MONTH, THEY SAID THE U.S. WAS FORCED INTO RENOUNCING THE USE OF FORCE IN INTERNATIONAL DISPUTES, ONE OF ITS KEY PARAGRAPHS.

IN SEPARATE STATEMENTS, HIGH CHINESE OFFICIALS CONTINUED TO CONDEMN AND ATTACK THE UNITED STATES, INDICATING THAT KHRUSHCHEV MAY GO AS FAR AS HE LIKES IN EASING RELATIONS WITH WASHINGTON BUT PEIPING HAS NO SUCH INTENTION.

PEIPING RADIO SAID MAO WARMLY SHOOK HANDS WITH KHRUSHCHEV, SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI GROMYKO AND DEPUTY SOVIET PREMIER MIKHAIL SUSLOV BEFORE THEY BOARDED THEIR SPECIAL PLANE FOR MOSCOW.

PRESIDENT LIU SHAO-CHI, MARSHAL CHU TEH, AND PREMIER CHOU EN-LAI WERE IN THE BIG CHINESE DELEGATION WHICH SAW THE RUSSIANS OFF FOLLOWING THEIR FIVE-DAY VISIT THERE.

PEIPING RADIO SAID KHRUSHCHEV MADE A PLANESIDE SPEECH BEFORE LEAVING.

KHRUSHCHEV'S VISIT TO PEIPING FOLLOWED A LONGER, 13-DAY TOUR OF THE UNITED STATES. IN CHINA, HE PUBLICLY EMPHASIZED THAT THE COMMUNIST BLOC MUST SHARE IN EASING THE COLD WAR.

BUT THE OFTEN IMPASSIVE CHINESE GAVE LITTLE OR NO CONCRETE SIGNS THE MESSAGE HAD SUNK IN.

OFFICIALLY THEY REACTED WITH WORDS OF SUPPORT OF THE RENUNCIATION-OF-WAR COMMUNIQUE KHRUSHCHEV SIGNED WITH PRESIDENT EISENHOWER. BUT, IN OTHER DECLARATIONS, THE CHINESE REDS INDICATED THEY WERE NOT ALTERING THEIR ASIAN COLD WAR POLICIES.

"WARM APPLAUSE GREETED PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV WHEN HE ARRIVED AT THE AIRPORT," PEIPING RADIO SAID. "HE WAS ACCOMPANIED BY CHAIRMAN MAO AND CHAIRMAN LIU SHAO-CHI. THE BANG STRUCK UP THE NATIONAL ANTHEMS OF THE SOVIET UNION AND CHINA." THEN THE OFFICIAL PARTY REVIEWED AN ARMY, AIRFORCE AND NAVY GUARD OF HONOR.

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"COMRADE KHRUSHCHEV SHOOK HANDS WITH THOSE SEEING HIM OFF AND BADE GOOD-BYE TO THEM. YOUNG PIONEERS PRESENTED BOUQUETS OF FLOWERS TO COMRADE KHRUSHCHEV AND OTHER DISTINGUISHED SOVIET GUESTS. AFTER SHAKING HANDS HE BOARDED THE PLANE "AMIDST WARM APPLAUSE," AND WAVED HIS HANDS, THE RADIO REPORTED.

KHRUSHCHEV HAS BEEN CLOSETED IN A SERIES OF SECRET CONFERENCES WITH MAO TZE-TUNG, HEAD OF THE CHINESE COMMUNIST PARTY. NOTHING OFFICIAL HAS COME FROM ANY OF THESE SECRET TALKS.

THE SOVIET PREMIER WENT TO PEIPING OFFICIALLY FOR THE 10TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE FOUNDING OF THE RED CHINESE GOVERNMENT. BUT HE OBVIOUSLY WAS FILLING IN MAO ON HIS TALKS WITH EISENHOWER AND MAPPING COMMUNIST STRATEGY.

SOUTHEAST ASIA, PARTICULARLY TROUBLED LAOS, MAY HAVE BEEN DISCUSSED BY MAO AND PRESIDENT HO CHI MINH OF COMMUNIST NORTH VIET NAM.

RADIO PEIPING SAID THEY HELD A MEETING TONIGHT. LAOS HAS ACCUSED NORTH VIET NAM OF GIVING ARMED SUPPORT TO THE PRO-COMMUNIST PATHET LAO REBELLION IN THAT LITTLE ASIAN KINGDOM AND HAS INDIRECTLY ACCUSED RED CHINA OF EGGING THE VIETNAMESE ON.

IT WAS THE FIRST MEETING BETWEEN MAO AND HO SINCE THE LATTER ARRIVED TO TAKE PART IN THE ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION.

IN THE PAST THREE DAYS MAO REPORTEDLY HAD MET ONLY KHRUSHCHEV AND THERE HAVE BEEN INDICATIONS THAT THE SOVIET PREMIER WAS TRYING TO WIN MAO'S SUPPORT FOR EASING WORLD TENSION. BUT THE FACT THAT MAO AND HO MET INDICATED MAO AND KHRUSHCHEV HAVE REACHED A NEAR MEETING OF MINDS ON THE LAOTIAN SITUATION.

MAO AND KHRUSHCHEV SPENT SATURDAY EVENING WATCHING A DANCE AND MUSIC PERFORMANCE AT THE PEIPING NATIONAL CONGRESS AUDITORIUM, PEIPING RADIO REPORTED.

THE BROADCAST DID NOT SAY WHETHER THE TWO COMMUNIST CHIEFTAINS HELD ANY MEETINGS DURING THE DAY. PREVIOUSLY THEY HAD MET FOUR TIMES. ML442PED

A25

BUDGET (550)

KHRUSHCHEV-MAO INTERPRETIVE

BY JOHN RODERICK

TOKYO, OCT. 3 (AP)—NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV NEARED THE CLIMAX OF HIS RED CHINA VISIT TODAY AS HIS CHINESE HOSTS WAXED HOT AND COLD OVER HIS PROPOSALS FOR EASING THE COLD WAR.

A FEW HOURS AFTER THE SOVIET PREMIER'S FOURTH MEETING WITH 65-YEAR-OLD RED CHINESE LEADER MAO TZE-TUNG, THE OFFICIAL PEOPLES DAILY CARRIED A LEAD EDITORIAL SAYING THE COMMUNIST WORLD "ACCORDED WARM RESPONSE AND SUPPORT" TO THE COMMUNIQUE KHRUSHCHEV JOINTLY ISSUED WITH PRESIDENT EISENHOWER FOLLOWING HIS HISTORIC 13-DAY VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES. THAT DOCUMENT STRESSED THE RENUNCIATION OF FORCE IN SETTling INTERNATIONAL QUARRELS.

THE UNITED STATES HAS SOUGHT WITHOUT SUCCESS TO HAVE PEIPING SAY IT WILL ABANDON FORCE AS A MEANS OF ACQUIRING THE ISLAND OF FORMOSA, NOW RULED BY MAO'S ARCH ENEMY, CHIANG KAI-SHEK. SHOULD THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS DO SO, IT WOULD BE A SIGNIFICANT MOVE IN IMPROVING THEIR RELATIONS WITH WASHINGTON.

CHINESE PREMIER CHOU EN-LAI SAID SOON AFTER KHRUSHCHEV ARRIVED IN PEIPING WEDNESDAY HE WELCOMED THE COMMUNIQUE.

BUT FRIDAY'S PEOPLES DAILY GAVE EQUAL SPACE TO THE REPRINT OF AN ARTICLE BY FOREIGN MINISTER CHEN YI WHICH CALLED ON "ALL PEOPLES IN THE WORLD TO WAGE A LONG AND UNRELENTING FIGHT AGAINST AMERICAN IMPERIALISM."

THE ARTICLE WAS WRITTEN FOR THE SOVIET NEWSPAPER IZVESTIA IN HONOR OF RED CHINA'S 10TH ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION OCTOBER 1. IT GAVE

LITTLE OR NO ENCOURAGEMENT TO HOPES PEIPING WAS PREPARED TO SOFTEN ITS ATTITUDE TOWARD THE U.S.

THE CHINESE REDS ARE EXPECTED TO GIVE KHRUSHCHEV GENERAL SUPPORT IN HIS CAMPAIGN TO REMOVE THE MAJOR POINTS OF FRICTION BETWEEN MOSCOW AND WASHINGTON. THEY MAY EVEN GO SO FAR AS DECLARE THEY, TOO, OPPOSE THE USE OF WAR IN SETTLING INTERNATIONAL DISPUTES.

BUT IF THEY DO SO, THEY ALMOST CERTAINLY WOULD EXCLUDE FORMOSA FROM SUCH A COMMITMENT FOR THEY HAVE REPEATEDLY DESCRIBED THE ISLAND AS AN INTERNAL MATTER.

THIS DOES NOT MEAN THE TWO COMMUNIST LEADERS LEFT FORMOSA OUT OF THEIR DISCUSSIONS. MAO COULD WELL HAVE SUGGESTED SOME NEW AVENUE OF APPROACH FOR KHRUSHCHEV TO RAISE IN HIS MEETING WITH EISENHOWER IN MOSCOW NEXT SPRING.

IN OFFICIAL STATEMENTS SO FAR, PEIPING HAS REITERATED ITS DETERMINATION TO "LIBERATE" FORMOSA BUT HAS AVOIDED SAYING IT WOULD USE ITS MILITARY MIGHT TO DO SO. DEFENSE MINISTER LIN PIAO SAID IT WOULD BE TAKEN, "ONE WAY OR ANOTHER."

CHEN YI DESCRIBED THE U.S. "IMPERIALISTS" AS "THE ENEMY OF THE CHINESE PEOPLE" AND ADDED:

"WE FIRMLY DEMAND THAT AMERICAN TROOPS PULL OUT OF THE TAIWAN (FORMOSA) AREA. TAIWAN IS CHINESE TERRITORY AND THE CHINESE PEOPLE ARE DETERMINED TO LIBERATE IT."

CHEN SAID KHRUSHCHEV'S TRIP TO THE U.S. "WON WARM ACCLAIM AND SUPPORT FROM ALL THE SOCIALIST COUNTRIES," AND WASHINGTON'S RENUNCIATION OF THE USE OF FORCE WAS "UNDOUBTEDLY WORTH WELCOMING." BUT HE ADDED, "UP TO THE PRESENT, THE UNITED STATES HAS NOT YET RENOUNCED ITS POLICY OF AGGRESSION AND WAR."

NOW IN HIS FOURTH DAY IN THE CHINESE CAPITAL, KHRUSHCHEV HAS SO FAR SEEN AND TALKED TO ONLY THE TOP MEN OF THE COMMUNIST CAMP GATHERED FOR THE ANNIVERSARY FESTIVITIES. HE HAS WATCHED, FROM A ROSTRUM HIGH ABOVE THE SQUARE OF HEAVENLY PEACE, MORE THAN A MILLION CHINESE MARCHING, DANCING OR SINGING AS PART OF THE CELEBRATIONS.

BUT HE APPARENTLY HAS MET FEWER ORDINARY CHINESE IN THESE FIRST FEW DAYS THEN HE DID WORKDAY AMERICANS DURING THE START OF HIS VISIT TO THE U.S.

IF HE HAS MADE ANY QUIPS OR WISECRACKS DURING HIS CHINESE TRIP--AND, BEING KHRUSHCHEV HE SEEMS LIKELY TO HAVE DONE SO--THE COMMUNIST PRESS CORPS HAS FAILED TO REPORT A SINGLE ONE. THE ONLY WORDS OF HIS CARRIED BY ANY OF THE COMMUNIST AGENCIES HAVE BEEN THOSE DELIVERED IN TWO FORMAL SPEECHES MADE SOON AFTER HIS ARRIVAL IN PEIPING.

AMERICAN NEWSMEN, WHO COVERED THE SOVIET LEADER'S EVERY PHRASE AND GESTURE DURING HIS 13-DAY U.S. TOUR, ARE BARRED FROM COMMUNIST CHINA.

JG341AED

A90

(350)

WITH KHRUSH-MAO A25

LONDON, OCT. 3 (AP)--RED CHINA TODAY ACKNOWLEDGED ANEW SOVIET LEADERSHIP IN THE COMMUNIST WORLD.

THE AFFIRMATION WAS PUBLISHED IN THE PEIPING PEOPLE'S DAILY IN THE MIDST OF A SERIES OF SECRET TALKS BETWEEN NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV AND MAO TZE-TUNG.

THE NEW CHINA NEWS AGENCY QUOTED THE OFFICIAL COMMUNIST PARTY NEWS-PAPER AS SAYING IN AN EDITORIAL MARKING THE 10TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE PEIPING REGIME:

"THE CHINESE PEOPLE HAVE ALWAYS LOOKED UPON THE CHINESE REVOLUTION AS A CONTINUATION OF THE GREAT (SOVIET) OCTOBER REVOLUTION. THE ROAD OPENED BY THE SOVIET OCTOBER REVOLUTION IS THE ROAD FOR CHINA...FOR THE FUTURE THE CHINESE PEOPLE WILL CONTINUE TO FOLLOW THE DIRECTION OF THE CHINESE COMMUNIST PARTY AND COMRADE MAO TZE-TUNG TO STUDY THE CONSCIENTIOUSLY ADVANCED EXPERIENCE OF THE

SOVIET UNION AND OTHER SOCIALIST COUNTRIES IN ORDER TO ACCELERATE CHINA'S SOCIALIST BUILDING. WE SHALL REDOUBLE OUR EFFORTS TO PROMOTE THE UNITY OF THE SOCIALIST CAMP HEADED BY THE SOVIET UNION.

"LONG LIVE THE GREAT SOLIDARITY OF SOCIALIST COUNTRIES HEADED BY THE SOVIET UNION."

WHILE PEIPING NEWSPAPERS HEADLINED THE KHRUSHCHEV-MAO MEETINGS, THEY GAVE NO HINT OF WHAT THE TWO COMMUNIST LEADERS DISCUSSED. THE REPORTS SAID ONLY THAT THEY CONFERRED IN AN ATMOSPHERE OF "CORDIALITY AND FRIENDSHIP."

MOSCOW, MEANWHILE, PRODDED INDIA AND CHINA AGAIN TO SETTLE THEIR BORDER DISPUTE "WITHOUT A FIGHT."

IN AN ENGLISH BROADCAST BEAMED TO NORTH AMERICA, A MOSCOW RADIO COMMENTATOR LIKENED TO THE DISPUTE TO AN ARGUMENT BETWEEN TWO FARMERS ON LAND BOUNDARIES AND ADDED:

"NOW IF THEY ARE SENSIBLE PEOPLE AND DO NOT WANT TO SPOIL RELATIONS WITH EACH OTHER, THEY GET TOGETHER AND REACH AN AGREEMENT PEACEABLY."

"IF THE FRONTIER LINE BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES--IN THIS CASE CHINA AND INDIA -- STRETCHES FOR NEARLY 1,250 MILES AND HAS NEVER EVEN BEEN DEFINED IN THE NUMBER OF MOUNTAIN DISTRICTS, DIFFICULT OF ACCESS, THAT CIRCUMSTANCE COULD BE A SOURCE OF DISPUTE."

"BUT THERE CAN BE NO DOUBT," THE COMMENTATOR SAID, "THAT THE GOVERNMENTS OF THESE TWO PEACE-LOVING POWERS WILL SETTLE THE MISUNDERSTANDING THAT HAS ARISEN, TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION THEIR MUTUAL INTERESTS IN THE SPIRIT OF TRADITIONAL FRIENDSHIP BETWEEN THE PEOPLES OF CHINA AND INDIA."

A19WX BJTS

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(600) AMS BUDGET

KHRUSHCHEV

BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

WASHINGTON, OCT. 3 (AP)--SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV APPARENTLY IS TRYING TO FIND SOME FORMULA FOR A COLD WAR TRUCE IN THE FAR EAST AS WELL AS IN EUROPE.

U. S. OFFICIALS DOUBT THAT HE CAN SUCCEED--IF THAT ACTUALLY IS HIS PRESENT PURPOSE IN RED CHINA--BUT THEY ARE IMPRESSED WITH THE WAY HE HAS PUBLICLY LIVED UP TO THE SPIRIT OF CAMP DAVID ON HIS TRIP TO PEIPING.

HIS WARNINGS TO HIS CHINESE COMMUNIST ALLIES AGAINST UPSETTING HIS EFFORTS TO DEVELOP MORE PEACEFUL RELATIONS WITH THE UNITED STATES AND THE WESTERN POWERS HAVE BEEN TAKEN IN OFFICIAL QUARTERS HERE AS FURTHER PROOF OF THE EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION'S VIEW THAT KHRUSHCHEV NEEDS AT LEAST A BREATHING SPELL IN THE EAST-WEST CONFLICT.

HIS PUBLIC PERFORMANCE IN RED CHINA HAS BEEN A KIND OF TEST IN THE VIEW OF THE U. S. GOVERNMENT OF HIS FOLLOWUP ATTITUDE TOWARD HIS TALKS WITH PRESIDENT EISENHOWER LAST WEEKEND. APPRAISALS OF THIS CANNOT BE DEFINITIVE YET BECAUSE NO ONE HERE KNOWS WHAT KHRUSHCHEV AND THE RED CHINESE LEADERS HAVE BEEN TALKING ABOUT PRIVATELY, BUT THE CONVICTION IS GROWING THAT KHRUSHCHEV MAY BE TRYING TO USE HIS INFLUENCE TO TRY TO GET THE CHINESE REDS TO TAKE SOME STEPS TOWARD IMPROVING THEIR OWN RELATIONS WITH THE UNITED STATES.

THE FIRST TEST OF KHRUSHCHEV'S INTENTION TO CARRY OUT THE LETTER AND SPIRIT OF HIS DISCUSSIONS WITH EISENHOWER CAME LAST TUESDAY. AT THAT TIME, JUST BEFORE LEAVING FOR PEIPING, HE CONFIRMED THE PRESIDENT'S NEWS CONFERENCE ANNOUNCEMENT OF MONDAY THAT KHRUSHCHEV HAD AGREED THERE WOULD BE NO TIME LIMIT ON NEW NEGOTIATIONS FOR A BERLIN SETTLEMENT. HAD KHRUSHCHEV NOT CARRIED OUT HIS PART OF THE BARGAIN THE WHOLE CAMP DAVID ACCORD WOULD HAVE BEEN WRECKED.

ONCE OUT OF THE EUROPEAN AREA, OFFICIALS HERE WOULD NOT HAVE BEEN TOO SURPRISED IF THE SOVIET LEADER HAD CHANGED HIS TUNE.

WHAT HAPPENED WAS THIS:

WHEN EISENHOWER AND KHRUSHCHEV GOT INTO A STALEMATE OVER KHRUSHCHEV'S THREAT TO SQUEEZE THE ALLIES OUT OF WEST BERLIN, THEY MADE NO PROGRESS ON ANY OTHER SUBJECT. EISENHOWER DETERMINED TO FOCUS THE TALKS ON BER-

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LIN UNTIL KHRUSHCHEV EITHER LIFTED HIS THREAT OR REALIZED THAT HE WOULD GET NOWHERE ON ANY OTHER MATTER UNLESS HE DID SO.

THE BREAK CAME SUNDAY MORNING WHEN, AFTER A BRIEF PERSONAL SESSION BETWEEN EISENHOWER AND KHRUSHCHEV LATE SATURDAY NIGHT, KHRUSHCHEV BEGAN TO AGREE TO SOME THINGS. AT THAT POINT IT BECAME POSSIBLE TO CONSIDER THE THREAT TO BERLIN LIFTED AND TO TALK ABOUT OTHER TOPICS.

LATE SUNDAY MORNING KHRUSHCHEV RAISED THE QUESTION OF COMMUNIST CHINA AND EISENHOWER SAID THE PRESENT U. S. POLICY OF NON-RECOGNITION AND OPPOSITION TO RED CHINESE MEMBERSHIP IN THE U. N. MUST STAND UNCHANGED.

HE NOTED THAT FIVE U. S. CITIZENS ARE STILL HELD IN RED CHINESE PRISONS YEARS AFTER THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS AGREED TO LET AMERICANS LEAVE THE COUNTRY. HE MENTIONED RED CHINA'S AGGRESSIVE POLICIES TOWARD NEIGHBORING NATIONS AND THE REST OF THE WORLD; ITS DEFIANCE OF THE UNITED NATIONS DATING BACK TO THE KOREAN WAR AND ITS REFUSAL TO RENOUNCE THE USE OF FORCE IN RESPECT TO AREAS IT WANTS TO TAKE OVER--NOTABLY FORMOSA AND OTHER CHINESE NATIONALIST TERRITORY.

KHRUSHCHEV REPLIED THAT RED CHINA WAS AN ALLY OF THE SOVIET UNION AND HAD SOVIET BACKING. HE EMPHASIZED THAT THE SOVIETS WOULD STAND WITH RED CHINA IF ANY TROUBLE DEVELOPED OVER FORMOSA. BUT HE AGREED TO TAKE UP WITH HIS CHINESE ALLY IN A FRIENDLY WAY THE QUESTION OF THE IMPRISONED AMERICANS.

EISENHOWER THEREUPON CHANGED THE SUBJECT AND THEY WENT ON TO TALK ABOUT OTHER MATTERS.

OFFICIALS SAY THEY THINK EISENHOWER'S EARNESTNESS AND POINT-BY-POINT EXPLANATION ABOUT U. S. POLICY TOWARD THE CHINESE REDS MAY HAVE IMPRESSED KHRUSHCHEV.

WHATEVER HIS ULTIMATE INTENTIONS MAY BE, KHRUSHCHEV OBVIOUSLY NEEDS THE COOPERATION OF CHINESE COMMUNIST LEADER MAO TZE-TUNG AND PREMIER CHOU EN-LAI. THIS WOULD BE TRUE WHETHER HIS REAL PURPOSE IS TO END THE ARMS RACE AND AVOID AN ATOMIC WAR OR WHETHER--AS MANY SKEPTICAL UAUTHORITIES HERE BELIEVE--IT IS TO LULL THE WEST INTO A SENSE OF FALSE SECURITY AND CAUSE IT TO REDUCE ITS OWN ARMAMENTS WHILE HE KEEPS RUSSIA'S STRONG.

ER127PED

A56WX

(230) BERLIN
WASHINGTON, OCT. 3 (AP)--THE STATE DEPARTMENT HAS THROWN COLD WATER ON A BERLIN REPORT THAT PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AND SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV LAID THE GROUNDWORK FOR A SETTLEMENT OF THE BERLIN PROBLEM IN THEIR TALKS LAST WEEKEND.

LINCOLN WHITE, STATE DEPARTMENT PRESS OFFICER, SAID YESTERDAY HE HAD NO FORMAL COMMENT ON THE REPORT ON THE WEST BERLIN NEWSPAPER TELEGRAF. BUT HE REFERRED REPORTERS TO PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S STATEMENTS AT HIS MONDAY NEWS CONFERENCE AND TO A SPEECH YESTERDAY BY ASST. SECRETARY OF STATE ANDREW H. BERDING. WHITE SAID HE THOUGHT THESE STATEMENTS COVERED THE GROUND FULLY.

EISENHOWER SAID AT THE NEWS CONFERENCE THAT ANY BERLIN AGREEMENT WITH RUSSIA WOULD HAVE TO BE SUBJECT TO THE APPROVAL OF THE PEOPLE OF WEST BERLIN.

BERDING IN EFFECT REAFFIRMED THE U.S. FOREIGN POLICY THAT IT INTENDS TO KEEP MILITARY FORCES IN WEST BERLIN UNTIL GERMANY IS UNIFIED. THE UNITED STATES HAS THE RIGHT TO DO THIS, HE SAID, DERIVING FROM THE WORLD WAR II VICTORY OVER GERMANY.

TELEGRAF REPORTED THAT EISENHOWER AND KHRUSHCHEV WORKED OUT THREE MAJOR POINTS FOR AN AGREEMENT: (1) A CORRIDOR WOULD BE ESTABLISHED

BETWEEN WEST BERLIN AND WEST GERMANY; (2) WESTERN TROOPS WOULD BE KEPT IN WEST BERLIN TO SUPERVISE THIS NEW ARRANGEMENT, RATHER THAN AS OCCUPATION FORCES; AND (3) THE UNITED STATES WOULD NOT OBJECT TO A SEPARATE PEACE TREATY BETWEEN THE SOVIET UNION AND THE COMMUNIST EAST GERMAN GOVERNMENT.

IN SPITE OF U.S. ASSURANCES TO WEST GERMANY THAT THERE HAS BEEN NO CHANGE IN U.S. POLICY ON BERLIN, THERE REMAINS A WIDESPREAD IMPRESSION IN EUROPE THAT THE EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION IS IN THE PROCESS OF REVAMPING ITS POSITION ON BERLIN.

JA549AED

ZA52LA

(LA OUT) (280)

LOS ANGELES, OCT. 3 (AP)--SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV BRAGGED WHILE IN LOS ANGELES THAT HIS COUNTRY HAS OBTAINED TOP SECRET AMERICAN INTELLIGENCE CODES, A RUSSIAN-SPEAKING FILM EXECUTIVE SAID TODAY.

VICTOR M. CARTER, THE CITY'S OFFICIAL GUIDE FOR THE PREMIER, SAID KHRUSHCHEV TOLD HIM RUSSIA HAS INTERCEPTED SECRET MESSAGES FROM PRESIDENT EISENHOWER.

CARTER IS PRESIDENT OF REPUBLIC STUDIOS. HE WAS BORN AT ROSTOV IN RUSSIA AND CAME TO THIS COUNTRY IN 1920 AFTER THE COMMUNIST REVOLUTION.

OF THE AMERICAN CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY HEADED BY ALLEN DULLES, KHRUSHCHEV WAS QUOTED BY CARTER AS SAYING:

"YOU'RE WASTING YOUR MONEY. YOU MIGHT AS WELL SEND IT DIRECT TO US INSTEAD OF THE MIDDLEMAN BECAUSE WE GET MOST OF IT ANYWAY."

"YOUR AGENTS GIVE US THE CODEBOOKS AND THEN WE SEND FALSE INFORMATION BACK TO YOU THROUGH YOUR CODE. THEN WE SEND CABLES ASKING FOR MONEY AND YOU SEND IT TO US."

KHRUSHCHEV'S COMMENTS WERE MADE IN A BOASTING TONE, CARTER SAID, WHILE A PARTY OF NINE DROVE THROUGH THE SAN FERNANDO VALLEY NEAR LOS ANGELES. AMONG THOSE PRESENT WAS HENRY CABOT LODGE, U.S. AMBASSADOR TO THE UNITED NATIONS AND KHRUSHCHEV'S OFFICIAL HOST IN THIS COUNTRY, REPRESENTING EISENHOWER.

CARTER SAID THE PREMIER SAID HIS AGENTS INTERCEPTED A HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL MESSAGE TO INDIA'S PRIME MINISTER NEHRU DURING THE PERIOD OF INDIA'S BORDER TROUBLES WITH CHINA. LAUGHINGLY, CARTER SAID, KHRUSHCHEV TOLD LODGE, "IF YOU WANT A COPY I'LL SEND YOU ONE."

CARTER SAID KHRUSHCHEV ALSO CLAIMED TO HAVE A COPY OF A SECRET MESSAGE IN WHICH THE SHAH OF IRAN ASKED EISENHOWER TO INTERCEDE WITH KHRUSHCHEV ON THE SHAH'S BEHALF.

CARTER SAID KHRUSHCHEV WAS "VERY FRIENDLY" DURING THE RIDE, ALTHOUGH AFTER HE LEFT FOR SAN FRANCISCO KHRUSHCHEV OBJECTED TO HAVING HAD ~~THE~~ "RUSSIAN BORN JEW" DESIGNATED TO GUIDE HIM IN LOS ANGELES.

CARTER IS A DIRECTOR OF THE CALIFORNIA BANK AND FORMER PRESIDENT OF THE CITY OF HOPE MEDICAL CENTER. ~~SON OF A ROSTOV MANUFACTURER DURING THE~~ HE SAID HE NOTIFIED THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY THE FOLLOWING DAY OF THE CONVERSATION. ~~C 2/11/57 JACINE~~

WHEN ALLEN DULLES MET KHRUSHCHEV IN WASHINGTON AT THE START OF HIS TOUR, KHRUSHCHEV GREETED HIM WITH SIMILAR REMARKS ABOUT THE CIA.

"I KNOW YOU," KHRUSHCHEV SAID ON BEING INTRODUCED TO DULLES. "I READ THE SAME REPORTS YOU DO."

DULLES REPLIED, "I HOPE YOU GET THEM LEGALLY."

KHRUSHCHEV THEN PROPOSED THAT RUSSIA AND THE U.S. SAVE MONEY BY POOLING THEIR INTELLIGENCE SERVICE. "SO WE DON'T HAVE TO PAY TWICE FOR THE SAME INFORMATION," HE SAID.

A SPOKESMAN FOR THE U.S. DELEGATION TO THE UN SAID TODAY THAT LODGE WOULD HAVE NO COMMENT ON KHRUSHCHEV'S STATEMENTS TO CARTER.

MK535PED

A82

(260)

TAIPEI, FORMOSA, OCT. 3 (AP)-NATIONALIST CHINA'S FOREIGN MINISTER HUANG SHAO-KU WARNED THE FREE WORLD TO BEWARE OF WHAT HE CALLED SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV'S "PEACE-MONGERING" TACTICS.

SPEAKING AT THE THIRD ASIAN CONVENTION OF LIONS INTERNATIONAL (CAPS L, 1), THE FOREIGN MINISTER SAID KHRUSHCHEV'S PLATITUDES ABOUT PEACE HAD FOUR OBJECTIVES:

1. DE FACTO RECOGNITION BY THE FREE WORLD OF COMMUNIST GAINS.
2. TO MANEUVER THE UNITED STATES OUT OF ITS OVERSEAS BASES FROM WHICH RETALIATORY STRIKES COULD NOT BE MADE IN THE EVENT OF SOVIET AGGRESSION.

3. TO HAVE THE UNITED STATES REFRAIN FROM INTERVENTION WHEN THE SOVIET UNION IS READY TO COMMIT NEW ACTS OF AGGRESSION.

4. TO CONVINCE THE CAPTIVE PEOPLES BEHIND THE IRON CURTAIN THAT SINCE THE UNITED STATES IS NEGOTIATING WITH MOSCOW ON QUESTIONS OF PEACEFUL COEXISTENCE, THEY HAD BETTER ABANDON ALL HOPE OF EVER REGAINING THEIR FREEDOM.

IT IS NECESSARY, HE DECLARED, TO CALL THE ATTENTION OF THE FREE WORLD TO MOSCOW'S FINAL OBJECTIVES AND THE INSIDIOUS DEVICES THE KREMLIN WOULD USE TO ACHIEVE THEM. HE SAID MOST FREE NATIONS WERE STILL ILL-INFORMED ON THESE OBJECTIVES.

THE PURPOSE OF THE COMMUNIST PEACE OFFENSIVE, HUANG SAID, IS TO LEAD THE FREE NATIONS TO THINK THEY COULD HAVE PEACE IF ONLY THEY WOULD AGREE TO RELAX THEIR VIGILANCE AGAINST COMMUNIST INTRIGUE AND AGGRESSION.

"WE HOPE," HE SAID, "THE LEADERS OF THE FREE WORLD WILL NOT MISREAD MAN'S QUEST FOR PEACE TO MEAN PEACE AT ANY PRICE."

"IF THEY CANNOT DO ANYTHING TO LIBERATE THE PEOPLES BEHIND THE IRON CURTAIN RIGHT AWAY, THEY SHOULD AT LEAST REFRAIN FROM DASHING THEIR HOPES FOR EVENTUAL DELIVERANCE."

JG712AED

A75

TAIPEI, FORMOSA, OCT. 3 (AP)-THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS SHELLED THE QUEMOY ISLANDS TODAY AFTER HAVING KEPT THEIR GUNS SILENT FOR FIVE DAYS. THE DEFENSE MINISTRY IN TAIPEI SAID THE REDS FIRED 116 ROUNDS AT THE COMPLEX IN A 41-MINUTE PERIOD STARTING AT 6:55 P.M.

B609PED

NEW DELHI, INDIA, SUNDAY, OCT. 4 (AP)-PRIME MINISTER NEHRU HAS REFUSED TO DISCUSS BORDER DISPUTES WITH RED CHINA UNTIL THE COMMUNISTS EVACUATE OUTPOSTS THEY SEIZED ON THE INDIAN SIDE OF THE TIBETAN FRONTIER.

NEHRU TOLD RED CHINA'S PREMIER CHOU EN-LAI IN A LETTER MADE PUBLIC TODAY "NO DISCUSSION CAN BE FRUITFUL UNLESS OUTPOSTS ON THE INDIAN SIDE OF THE TRADITIONAL FRONTIER NOW HELD BY CHINESE FORCES ARE FIRST EVACUATED BY THEM AND FURTHER THREATS AND INTIMIDATIONS CEASE."

NEHRU WAS REPLYING TO A LETTER FROM CHOU WHICH ACCUSED THE INDIANS OF VIOLATING RED CHINA'S BORDERS.

AS532AED

A55

NIGHT LEAD LAOS (240)

BY RENE-GEORGES INAGAKI

VIENTIANE, LAOS, OCT. 3 (AP)-THE DROWNED BODIES OF 30 NORTH VIETNAMESE SOLDIERS WERE FOUND IN THE NAM MA RIVER WHEN LAOTIAN TROOPS RECAPTURED XIENG KHO VILLAGE NEAR THE NORTH VIETNAMESE FRONTIER.

A LAOTIAN ARMY OFFICER REPORTED TODAY.

THE OFFICER, WHO DECLINED TO BE NAMED, SAID THE COMMUNIST TROOPS APPARENTLY COMMITTED SUICIDE TO ESCAPE CAPTURE AND THUS PROVIDE ADDITIONAL EVIDENCE SUPPORTING LAOTIAN CHARGES OF RED AGGRESSION BY NORTH VIET NAM.

6571

HOWEVER, HE SAID ABOUT 20 PATHET LAO REBELS SURRENDERED AND WERE INTERVIEWED BY A U.N. FACT-FINDING TEAM BEFORE IT RETURNED HERE TODAY FROM A THREE-DAY INVESTIGATION OF FIGHTING IN SAM NEUA PROVINCE. THE PRISONERS WERE INTERVIEWED AND CAPTURED WEAPONS WERE INSPECTED BY THE TEAM IN THE NORTHERN MILITARY HEADQUARTERS AT SAM NEUA TOWN.

THE OFFICER, WHO RETURNED FROM SAM NEUA, SAID THE BODIES WERE IDENTIFIED BY XIENG KHO VILLAGERS. COMMUNIST REBELS RECAPTURED XIENG KHO AND NEARBY MUONG HET SHORTLY BEFORE THE U.N. TEAM ARRIVED IN SAM NEUA, 200 MILES NORTH OF HERE. THE LAOTIANS HAD INTENDED TO FLY THE TEAM TO XIENG KHO AND MUONG HET, BUT ITALIAN MINISTER LUDOVIGO BARATTIERI AND ARGENTINE BRIG. GEN. HERIBERTO AHRENS WERE UNABLE TO GET FURTHER THAN SAM TEU BECAUSE OF THE REBEL ADVANCES.

SINCE THE U.N. SECURITY COUNCIL'S SUBCOMMITTEE ARRIVED HERE SEPT. 15, THE LAOTIAN GOVERNMENT CONTENTS MILITARY ACTIVITIES SUBSIDED IN NORTHERN LAOS, WHILE AGITATION SPREAD IN SOUTHERN LAOS TO GIVE THE IMPRESSION THE REBELLION WAS A DOMESTIC MATTER.

ML447PED

A130

(160)

VIENTIANE, LAOS, OCT. 3 (AP)-A UNITED NATIONS FACT-FINDING MISSION RETURNED TO THIS CAPITAL TODAY AFTER A THREE-DAY EXAMINATION OF CHARGES OF COMMUNIST AGGRESSION IN NORTH LAOS.

ITALIAN AND ARGENTINE MEMBERS OF THE FOUR-NATION SUB-COMMITTEE INTERVIEWED PRISONERS AND INSPECTED CAPTURED WEAPONS AT THE NORTHERN DEFENSE HEADQUARTERS OF SAM NEUA.

ITALIAN MINISTER LUDOVIGO BARATTIERI AND ARGENTINE BRIG. GEN. HERIBERTO AHRENS FLEW YESTERDAY FROM SAM NEUA TO SAM TEU, 50 MILES SOUTHEAST AND CLOSE TO THE NORTH VIETNAMESE BORDER.

LAOTIAN OFFICIALS HAD HOPED TO FLY THE U.N. TEAM TO MUONG HET AND XIENG KHO, WHICH ROYAL FORCES RECENTLY REOCCUPIED. BUT BY TIME THE TEAM FLEW NORTH THESE TWO POSTS, IN THE NAM MA VALLEY NORTH OF SAM NEUA, WERE BACK IN REBEL HANDS. THE OFFICIAL LAO PRESS BULLETIN SAID THE SITUATION WAS UNCLEAR IN THE REGION OF PHONG SATHONE, NEAR HUA MUONG, 40 MILES SOUTHWEST OF SAM NEUA. LAOS PRESS SAID PILOTS REPORTED REBELS ON HILLS IN THE NEIGHBORHOOD FIRED AT THEIR PLANES FRIDAY MORNING.

MG1028AED

A37 (600)

AMS BUDGET

NIGHT LEAD SOVIET NOTE

BY STANLEY JOHNSON

MOSCOW, OCT. 3 (AP)-THE KREMLIN ACCUSED BRITAIN TODAY OF TRYING TO SCUTTLE THE INTERNATIONAL CONTROL COMMISSION FOR CAMBODIA BEHIND THE RUSSIANS' BACKS IN ORDER TO SUBMIT THAT INDOCHINESE NATION TO "FOREIGN INFLUENCE."

IN ONE OF THE MOST STRONGLY WORDED NOTES ON SOUTHEAST ASIA IN MONTHS, THE U.S.S.R. CHARGED THAT BRITAIN--COCHAIRMAN WITH THE SOVIET UNION OF THE 1954 GENEVA AGREEMENT ENDING THE EIGHT-YEAR-LONG INDOCHINESE WAR--MADE THE PROPOSITION TO CAMBODIA WITHOUT NOTIFYING MOSCOW. IT SAID BRITAIN'S "MEAGERLY BANKRUPT" ACTION, WHICH THE SOVIETS GOT WIND OF FROM CAMBODIA, HAD PLACED LONDON IN "AN UNENVIABLE POSITION."

(IN LONDON, THE FOREIGN OFFICE SAID IT WAS STUDYING THE SOVIET NOTE. IT DECLINED FURTHER COMMENT, BUT RESPONSIBLE BRITISH AUTHORITIES WHO DECLINED TO BE NAMED SAID BRITAIN HAD PRIVATELY APPROACHED CAMBODIAN OFFICIALS ON POSSIBILITIES OF DISSOLVING THE INDIAN-CANADIAN-POLISH COMMISSION BECAUSE OF BRITISH FEELINGS IT HAD OUTLIVED ITS USEFULNESS. THEY EMPHASIZED THAT THE APPROACH WAS IN NO SENSE A FORMAL PROPOSAL.)

THE RUSSIANS SAID BRITAIN'S FICTION WAS HIGHLIGHTED BY THE FIGHTING IN LAOS, A NEIGHBOR OF CAMBODIA, WHERE A U.N. FACT-FINDING MISSION NOW IS INVESTIGATING LAOTIAN CHARGES OF AGGRESSION BY COMMUNIST NORTH VIET NAM.

"IN THIS CONNECTION," THE NOTE SAID, "ONE CANNOT FAIL TO POINT OUT

6567

THE EXAMPLE OF LAOS, WHERE, AS A RESULT OF THE ABOLISHMENT OF THE INTERNATIONAL CONTROL COMMISSION, THE COUNTRY FOUND ITSELF IN A SPLIT CONDITION, CARRYING A REAL THREAT OF CIVIL WAR WITH ALL THE DANGEROUS CONSEQUENCES FOR PEACE IN INDOCHINA."

(THE LAOTIANS EJECTED THE COMMISSION SOME TIME AGO, CONTENDING THE POLISH MEMBER WAS TRYING TO HELP THE COMMUNIST PATHET LAO REBELS. THE COMMUNIST BLOC HAS DEMANDED THAT THE COMMISSION BE RECALLED IN LAOS.)

"THE PROPOSAL TO THE CAMBODIAN GOVERNMENT TO LIQUIDATE THE CONTROL COMMISSION MAY BE SEEN IN A NEW LIGHT BECAUSE OF THE SITUATION IN LAOS," THE NOTE SAID.

THE NOTE EVINced SURPRISE THAT THE BRITISH WOULD MAKE A PROPOSAL WHICH "RADICALLY CONTRADICTS THE CONDITIONS OF THE GENEVA AGREEMENT," AND THAT BRITAIN HAD "EVADED THE TRADITION OF CALLING FOR DISCUSSION BETWEEN THE TWO CHAIRMEN OF QUESTIONS PERTAINING TO THE FULFILLMENT OF THE GENEVA AGREEMENT."

IT ASSERTED THAT THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT BELIEVES THE PROPOSAL TO LIQUIDATE THE COMMISSION "CANNOT HAVE ANY OTHER MOTIVE THAN TO ELIMINATE THE INTERNATIONAL ORGAN WHICH HINDERS NON-CAMBODIAN FORCES FROM CARRYING OUT PLANS TO SUBORDINATE CAMBODIA'S POLICY TO FOREIGN INTERESTS ALIEN TO THE CAMBODIAN PEOPLE."

BRITISH AMBASSADOR SIR PATRICK REILLY WAS SUMMONED TODAY BY DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER VALERIAN ZORIN AND GIVEN THE NOTE.

THE RUSSIANS SEEMED PARTICULARLY UPSET BECAUSE BRITAIN HAD NOT NOTIFIED THEM BEFORE APPROACHING CAMBODIA.

"THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT CANNOT BUT EXPRESS SURPRISE AT THIS STEP BY THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT. THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT CONSIDERS THAT THE BRITISH PROPOSAL IS NOTHING BUT AN APPEAL FOR THE VIOLATION OF THE GENEVA AGREEMENTS," THE NOTE CONTINUED.

IT ALSO SAID THE BRITISH ACTION WAS "PART OF A UNITED PLAN DIRECTED AT THE LIQUIDATION OF ALL INTERNATIONAL COMMISSIONS IN INDOCHINA."

THE NOTE CONCLUDED WITH A STATEMENT THAT THE KREMLIN "CANNOT GIVE ITS CONSENT TO ANY MEASURE WHATSOEVER IN CAMBODIA CONTRACTING" THE GENEVA AGREEMENT.

--DASH--

SOVIET CONCERN ABOUT THE COMMISSION PROBABLY STEMS FROM A DESIRE TO GUARANTEE THAT CAMBODIA--A RECIPIENT OF WESTERN MILITARY AID--DOES NOT PARTICIPATE IN THE LAOTIAN FIGHTING BETWEEN RED GUERRILLAS AND GOVERNMENT FORCES. CAMBODIA HAS DECLARED ITS NEUTRALITY IN THIS DISPUTE.

LONDON OFFICIALS SAID THE COMMISSION'S SIZE HAD BEEN REDUCED BEFORE THE APPROACH WAS MADE TO CAMBODIA.

"THE COMMISSION HAD VIRTUALLY NOTHING TO DO," ONE AUTHORITATIVE SOURCE SAID. "THE JOB IT WAS SET UP TO DO UNDER THE GENEVA AGREEMENT WHICH ENDED THE INDOCHINESE WAR HAS LONG CEASED TO EXIST."

"THE FEELING WAS THAT MONEY WAS BEING NEEDLESSLY EXPENDED ON THE COMMISSION'S ADMINISTRATION. WE WANTED TO TALK TO CAMBODIAN OFFICIALS ABOUT WHAT WE MIGHT BE ABLE TO DO ABOUT IT."

HE SAID THAT IF THE COMMISSION "HASN'T GOT A USEFUL TASK TO PERFORM, WE WANT TO GET RID OF IT."

CAMBODIA IS ONE OF FOUR STATES ESTABLISHED AFTER THE INDOCHINESE WAR. OTHERS ARE LAOS, SOUTH VIET NAM AND NORTH VIET NAM.

DA254PED

B34 Q

--17--

BY HANS E. BENEDICT (400)

VIENNA, AUSTRIA, OCT 3 (AP)--THE EAST-WEST INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY AGENCY (IAEA) HAS EMBARKED ON ITS THIRD YEAR WITH TWO MAJOR POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC OBJECTIVES, AN OFFICIAL ANNOUNCED HERE TODAY. THEY ARE:

30.24-8879

1. IMPLEMENTATIONS FOR AN AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND SOVIET RUSSIA ON UNLIMITED RELEASE OF NON MILITARY NUCLEAR SECRETS FOR THE BENEFIT OF AGENCY MEMBERS.

2. A LARGE NUCLEAR POWER STATION IN BRAZIL--THE FIRST TO BE BUILT IN AN UNDERDEVELOPED COUNTRY UNDER IAEA GUIDANCE.

DR. PAUL R. JOLLES, IAEA DEPUTY DIRECTOR GENERAL, TOLD NEWSMEN THE 72-MEMBER AGENCY WHICH CONCLUDED ITS ANNUAL CONFERENCE HERE LAST NIGHT WILL PLAY "A VERY ACTIVE ROLE" IN CLEARING THE WAY FOR A STEP-BY-STEP AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND SOVIET RUSSIA ON THE BASIS OF RECENT WASHINGTON TALKS BY THEIR ATOMIC-ENERGY CHIEFS.

THE PROPOSED AGREEMENTS ALSO INVOLVE INCREASED EXCHANGES OF SCIENTISTS AND JOINT WORK IN LARGE-SCALE ATOMIC PROJECTS.

DR. JOLLES SAID BOTH POWERS HAVE ALREADY EXCHANGED NUCLEAR INFORMATION THROUGH AGENCY CHANNELS. NEXT MONTH THE AGENCY'S BOARD OF GOVERNORS WILL DISCUSS THE IMPLEMENTATION OF A FUTURE AGREEMENT.

"WE FEEL THAT THIS HAS BECOME ONE OF THE AGENCY'S PRIMARY FUNCTIONS AND IT WILL KEEP US BUSY FOR MONTHS," HE SAID.

ON ITS SECOND MAJOR ASSIGNMENT FOR 1960, THE AGENCY WILL HELP BRAZIL PLAN AND BUILD A 150-MEGAWATT NUCLEAR POWER PLANT IN THE CENTRAL SOUTHERN REGION TO BOOST THIS COUNTRY'S ELECTRICAL POWER OUTPUT, DR. JOLLES SAID.

THE AGENCY WAS CALLED IN BY THE BRAZILIAN GOVERNMENT TO ENDORSE A REQUEST FOR FINANCIAL HELP FROM THE UNITED NATIONS SPECIAL FUNDS.

"OUR PRELIMINARY CALCULATIONS INDICATE THAT THIS PROJECT IS A REAL CASE FOR AGENCY ASSISTANCE IN AN UNDERDEVELOPED COUNTRY," DR. JOLLES SAID.

EAST-WEST POLITICAL CONTROVERSIES IN THIS SESSION OCCURRED OVER A U.S.-BACKED PROPOSAL TO GIVE THE AGENCY CONTROL OVER NUCLEAR FUEL SUPPLIES FOR POWER PROJECTS IN COUNTRIES OUTSIDE THE "ATOMIC CLUB" TO PREVENT THEIR DIVERSION TO MILITARY USE. DR. JOLLES SAID THE BOARD OF GOVERNORS AGREED PROVISIONALLY ON THE OUTLINES OF A CONTROL SYSTEM. HOWEVER, THESE QUESTIONS REMAINED TO BE ANSWERED:

JUST WHERE LIES THE DANGER OF DIVERSION? HOW MUCH NUCLEAR FUEL DOES A COUNTRY HAVE TO PUT ASIDE TO BUILD A SECRET ATOMIC BOMB? HOW MANY CHECKPOINTS WOULD BE REQUIRED FOR AN AIRTIGHT CONTROL AND INSPECTION SYSTEM AND WHAT ARE THE LEGAL ASPECTS?

SUMMING UP THIS YEAR'S SESSION, CONFERENCE PRESIDENT DR. HIROO FURUUCHI, JAPANESE AMBASSADOR TO AUSTRIA, SAID: "THE AGENCY HAS NOW COME TO GRIPS WITH REALITY."

KM315PED

A33

(400)

BY TOM HOGE

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., OCT. 3 (AP)--CONCERN APPEARS SPREADING AMONG THE U.N.'S SMALLER MEMBERS THAT BIG FOUR AGREEMENT FOR DISARMAMENT TALKS OUTSIDE THE WORLD BODY MAY WIPE OUT ANY ROLE THEY COULD PLAY IN ARMS DECISIONS.

A NUMBER OF DIPLOMATS HAVE HINTED AT THIS IN COMMENTING ON FORMATION OF THE NEW 10-NATION EAST-WEST COMMITTEE SLATED TO START ARMS TALKS IN GENEVA EARLY NEXT YEAR.

THEY SEEM APPREHENSIVE THAT THE NEW COMMITTEE WILL MAKE ITS OWN DECISIONS AND PRESENT THE U.N. WITH PROPOSALS THAT HAVE BEEN ALL WORKED OUT AND LEAVE LITTLE ROOM FOR DISCUSSION.

NEW ZEALAND POINTED UP THIS FEELING LAST NIGHT IN THE ASSEMBLY'S GENERAL DEBATE. AMBASSADOR FOSS SHANAHAN EXPRESSED HOPE THE SMALL NATIONS COULD STILL INFLUENCE THE COURSE OF BIG POWER TALKS AND STRESSED THAT THE U.N. IS ONE PLACE TO DO IT.

SHANAHAN WELCOMED THE 10-NATION EAST-WEST COMMITTEE, BUT POINTEDLY ADDED "WE DO NOT THINK THE U.N. SHOULD BE INACTIVE." FINLAND ECHOED THIS VIEW BY DECLARING THAT THE DECISION TO STALLED ARMS TALKS IN THE 10-NATION COMMITTEE DOES NOT "ABSOLVE THE UNITED NATIONS OF ITS RESPONSIBILITY."

NORWAY'S HALVARD LANGE HAILED FORMATION OF THE NEW DISARMAMENT COMMITTEE BUT FLATLY ADDED HIS GOVERNMENT "IS ANXIOUS THAT THE UNITED NATIONS SHOULD AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AGAIN ASSUME AN ACTIVE ROLE IN THE FIELD OF DISARMAMENT."

THE FIRST RUMBLINGS OF DISCONTENT CAME SEVERAL WEEKS AGO WHEN THE 82-MEMBER DISARMAMENT COMMISSION APPROVED THE DECISION TO SET UP AN EAST-WEST ARMS COMMITTEE.

GREECE'S CHRISTIAN X. PALAMAS COMPLAINED THAT THE FIVE COMMUNIST AND FIVE WESTERN NATIONS WOULD VIEW THE DISARMAMENT ISSUE "THROUGH THE PRISM" OF THEIR OWN INTERESTS. HE SERVED NOTICE THAT GREECE WOULD

DEEM INVALID ANY CONSIDERATION IN HER ABSENCE OF QUESTIONS AFFECTING HER INTERESTS.

CUBA'S MANUEL BISBE DECLARED THAT THE BIG POWERS HAD PRESENTED THE 82-NATION COMMISSION WITH AN ACCOMPLISHED FACT WHICH IT HAD TO ACCEPT. HE VOICED CONCERN AT THE "TREND TO PUSH THE GREAT QUESTIONS OUTSIDE THE UNITED NATIONS."

SOME OF THE SMALLER NATIONS HAVE MADE POSITIVE PROPOSALS TO KEEP AN ACTIVE VOICE IN THE ARMS QUESTION.

IRELAND HAS PUT ON THE ASSEMBLY AGENDA AN APPEAL TO RESTRICT NUCLEAR WEAPONS TO THE NATIONS THAT NOW HAVE THEM--THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND RUSSIA. SHE ALSO URGED SETTING UP REGIONAL ZONES WHERE NUCLEAR WEAPONS SHOULD BE BANNED.

SWEDEN ALSO HAS SUGGESTED THAT AN EXPERT STUDY BE MADE ON THE MERITS OF AN AGREEMENT FOR REGIONAL ZONE BANS.

THE NEW COMMITTEE CONSISTS OF THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, FRANCE, CANADA AND ITALY FOR THE WEST AND RUSSIA, BULGARIA, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, POLAND AND ROMANIA FOR THE COMMUNIST SIDE.

PL422AED

A42UN (BJT)
AMS BUDGET (400)

NIGHT LEAD U.N.

BY WILLIAM N. OATIS

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., OCT. 3 (AP)--THE CHIEF SOVIET DELEGATE TO THE U.N. CHARGES THAT THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN ARE CARRYING ON THE COLD WAR WHEN THEY BACK TURKEY AGAINST POLAND FOR THE SECURITY COUNCIL.

AMBASSADOR ARKADY A. SOBOLEV, SOVIET PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE HERE, TOLD A REPORTER, "WE CONSIDER IT AS A STEP IN THE COLD WAR." SOBOLEV, INTERVIEWED AT A DIPLOMATIC RECEPTION, SAID HIS DELEGATION WAS SURPRISED THAT THE AMERICAN AND BRITISH DELEGATIONS WERE SUPPORTING TURKEY AGAINST AN EASTERN EUROPEAN CANDIDATE.

"WE CONSIDER," HE SAID, "THAT IT CONTRADICTS THE ATTITUDE EXPRESSED AT A HIGHER LEVEL. BOTH PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AND PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN HAVE SAID THEY WANT TO END THE COLD WAR."

POLAND AND TURKEY ARE RIVALS FOR THE SEAT ON THE 11-NATION COUNCIL THAT JAPAN WILL GIVE UP NEXT DEC. 31. THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY WILL DECIDE THE CONTEST BY SECRET BALLOT IN THE NEXT FEW WEEKS.

MANY DIPLOMATS SAY THAT THE TWO CANDIDATES ARE ABOUT EVENLY MATCHED AND MANY BALLOTS MAY BE NECESSARY BEFORE EITHER GETS THE TWO-THIRDS VOTE NEEDED TO WIN THE ELECTION. THE TERM IS TWO YEARS.

POLAND ANNOUNCED HER CANDIDACY AUG. 24 WITH THE BACKING OF THE WHOLE SOVIET BLOC. TURKEY ANNOUNCED A MONTH LATER, AND THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN MADE KNOWN THIS WEEK THAT THEY WERE SUPPORTING HER.

SOME DIPLOMATS SAID PRIVATELY THAT TURKEY WAS RUNNING ONLY AT THE SUGGESTION OF THE UNITED STATES. THEY SAID SHE WAS CLAIMING THAT 45 OF THE 82 COUNTRIES IN THE ASSEMBLY WERE PLEDGED TO VOTE FOR HER. THE TURKISH DELEGATION REMAINED SILENT ON THIS. BUT THE POLISH DELEGATION SAID IT HAD MORE THAN 41 PLEDGED VOTES.

AN ISSUE IN THE CONTEST IS THE SOCALLED GENTLEMAN'S AGREEMENT FOR DISTRIBUTION OF COUNCIL SEATS, REACHED AMONG DELEGATES TO THE FIRST, 1946 SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY IN LONDON.

THIS PROVIDES THAT EASTERN EUROPE SHALL ALWAYS HAVE ONE OF THE SIX NON-PERMANENT SEATS ON THE SECURITY COUNCIL. THE COMMUNIST COUNTRIES CONTEND THAT EASTERN EUROPE MEANS THEM. THE WESTERN COUNTRIES CONTEND THAT IT MEANS GEOGRAPHICAL EASTERN EUROPE.

THE SEAT HAS BEEN HELD BY POLAND, THE UKRAINE, YUGOSLAVIA, GREECE AND TURKEY.

IN 1955, THE PHILIPPINES RAN AGAINST POLAND, WHICH WITHDREW IN FAVOR OF YUGOSLAVIA. THE UNITED STATES, THEN BACKING THE PHILIPPINES, HELD THAT THE GENTLEMAN'S AGREEMENT APPLIED ONLY TO THE FIRST ELECTION OF COUNCIL MEMBERS AND THAT THE SEAT NOW SHOULD SWING BETWEEN EASTERN EUROPE AND ASIA.

THE PHILIPPINES AND YUGOSLAVIA DEADLOCKED AND FINALLY AGREED TO SPLIT THE TWO-YEAR TERM. JAPAN SUCCEEDED THE PHILIPPINES.

POLISH FOREIGN MINISTER ADAM RAPACKI, HEADING POLAND'S DELEGATION TO THE ASSEMBLY, HAS SCHEDULED A NEWS CONFERENCE FOR MONDAY EVIDENTLY TO PUSH POLAND'S CANDIDACY. POLAND'S PERMANENT DELEGATE, AMBASSADOR JERZY MICHALOWSKI, HAS DECLARED THAT POLAND THIS TIME WILL NOT WITHDRAW, WILL NOT AGREE TO SPLIT THE TERM AND WILL WIN.

W322PED

B33 (Q)

--17-- (240)

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., OCT. 3 (AP)--LEON MARIA GUERRERO SAID TODAY MANY AMERICANS "STILL HAVE NOT ACCEPTED THE IDEA THAT THE PHILIPPINES IS NO LONGER" A COLONY OF THE UNITED STATES.

GUERRERO, PHILIPPINE AMBASSADOR TO LONDON, TOLD AN INTERVIEWER ON CBS-TV THAT THIS APPLIED PARTICULARLY TO AMERICANS IN THE PHILIPPINES. HE SAID:

"THEY THINK THAT WE ARE DISLOYAL IF SOMETIMES WE LOOK AT THINGS IN A LITTLE DIFFERENT WAY OR WANT TO GO OUR OWN WAY."

GUERRERO, PRESENTLY ON THE PHILIPPINE DELEGATION TO THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY, GOT INTO NEWSPAPERS THIS WEEK FOR AN EXCHANGE OF WORDS HE HAD AT A DIPLOMATIC LUNCHEON HERE WEDNESDAY WITH WALTER S. ROBERTSON, U.S. FORMER ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE FOR FAR EASTERN AFFAIRS.

THE TWO ARGUED OVER POLICY. LATER, IN SEPARATE STATEMENTS, ROBERTSON CALLED GUERRERO "RUDE AND ARROGANT," AND GUERRERO SAID ROBERTSON, AS A MEMBER OF THE U.S. DELEGATION, HAD TRIED TO DICTATE TO FILIPINO DELEGATES.

IN HIS BROADCAST INTERVIEW TODAY, GUERRERO SAID SOME FILIPINOS THEMSELVES HAD NOT GOT USED TO THE INDEPENDENCE THAT CAME TO THE PHILIPPINES IN 1946.

"THEY THINK," HE DECLARED, "THE UNITED STATES HAS AN OBLIGATION TO RUN OUT WITH A HANDOUT WHENEVER WE GET INTO TROUBLE...WE SHOULD STAND ON OUR OWN FEET."

HE TOLD ROBERT TROUT OF CBS:

"JUST BECAUSE FILIPINOS DON'T AGREE WITH EVERYTHING AMERICAN DOESN'T MEAN THAT THEY ARE COMMUNIST OR ANTI-AMERICAN OR NEUTRALIST."

HE SAID HE WOULD NOT DISCOUNT THE FEELING OF NATIONALISM IN THE PHILIPPINES.

"I WOULD SAY," HE CONCLUDED, "THE AMERICANS ARE AS NATIONALISTIC AS ANYBODY ELSE IF NATIONALISM MEANS YOU SHOULD LOOK OUT FOR YOURSELF AND TRY TO GET AS GOOD A BARGAIN AS YOU CAN."

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1959

A92

(190)

MANILA, OCT. 3 (AP)--U.S.-PHILIPPINE RELATIONS ARE GOING THROUGH A "MOST DELICATE STAGE" MARKED BY AN UPSURGE OF FILIPINO NATIONAL PRIDE, SAYS AMBASSADOR CARLOS P. ROMULO.

BUT THE PHILIPPINE ENVOY TO WASHINGTON SAID THIS FILIPINO FEELING SHOULD NOT BE INTERPRETED AS ANTI-AMERICAN.

WRITING IN THE FOOKIEN TIMES 1959 YEARBOOK, HE CITES THE DISPUTE OVER THE STATUS OF U.S. MILITARY BASES HERE AS ONE INDICATION OF THE PHILIPPINES' GROWING CONCERN ABOUT ITS NATIONAL SOVEREIGNTY.

THERE IS ALSO A RESENTMENT AMONG FILIPINOS, HE SAYS, OVER AMERICAN "INDIFFERENCE" TO VARIOUS LONG-STANDING PHILIPPINE FINANCIAL CLAIMS AGAINST THE U.S. RUNNING INTO MILLION OF DOLLARS.

"INsofar AS THIS SENTIMENT IS AKIN TO THE SPIRIT OF NATIONALISM THAT IS SWEEPING ALL ASIA AND AFRICA, THE WORD 'ANTI-AMERICAN' IS AN EGREGIOUS MISREADING WHICH NEEDS TO BE SET RIGHT," SAYS ROMULO.

THE UNITED NATIONS WAS THE SCENE OF A FLAREUP BETWEEN A U. S. AND PHILIPPINE DELEGATE THIS WEEK. OFFICIALS OF BOTH COUNTRIES INSISTED, HOWEVER, THAT THE SHARP EXCHANGE BETWEEN WALTER S. ROBERTSON, FORMER U. S. SECRETARY OF STATE, AND LEON MARIA GUERRERO, THE PHILIPPINE AMBASSADOR TO LONDON, WAS A PERSONAL MATTER.

A94

70746AFD

NIGHT LEAD SEGNI (120)

NEW YORK, OCT. 3 (AP)--ITALY'S PREMIER, ANTONIO SEGNI, ARRIVED HERE TODAY FOR A TWO-DAY VISIT AND VOICED HOPES FOR INCREASINGLY FAVORABLE TRADE RELATIONS BETWEEN HIS COUNTRY AND THE UNITED STATES.

"ITALY IS ESPECIALLY INTERESTED IN FOREIGN INVESTMENTS," HE DECLARED, "PARTICULARLY IN THOSE ENTERPRISES MOST APT TO SPEED THE PROCESS OF INDUSTRIALIZATION, ABOVE ALL IN SOUTHERN ITALY AND THE ISLANDS."

SEGNI SPOKE AT AN AMERICA-ITALY SOCIETY LUNCHEON AFTER HIS ARRIVAL BY PLANE FROM WASHINGTON. HE FLIES BACK TO ROME TOMORROW NIGHT.

THE PREMIER WAS MET AT LA GUARDIA AIRPORT BY THE CITY'S OFFICIAL GREETER, RICHARD C. PATTERSON JR., POLICE COMMISSIONER STEPHEN P. KENNEDY AND OTHER NOTABLES.

PRIME MINISTER SNTONIO SEGNI OF ITALY HAD A 50-MINUTE TALK WITH U.N. SECRETARY GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD TODAY. A SPOKESMAN SAID THEY DISCUSSE DISARMAMENT, THE MIDDLE EAST, HELP TO UNDERDEVELOPED COUNTRIES AND LAOS. ITALY IS ON THE SECURITY COUNCIL'S SUBCOMMITTEE NOW IN LAOS INVESTIGATING THAT COUNTRY'S CHARGES THAT COMMUNIST NORTH VIET NAM HAS BEEN HELPING LAOTIAN INSURGENTS.

J10-522

710/1013

30.24- 8881

A57WX

(130) JAPANESE REPAYMENTS

WASHINGTON, OCT. 3 (AP)--JAPAN HAS RECEIVED MORE THAN \$1,700,000,000 (B) IN POST-WAR ECONOMIC AID FROM THE UNITED STATES, AND BOTH COUNTRIES HAVE AGREED THERE SHOULD BE AN EARLY SETTLEMENT ON HOW MUCH OF THIS JAPAN SHOULD REPAY.

SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY ROBERT B. ANDERSON AND JAPANESE FINANCE MINISTER EISAKU SATO MET FOR NEARLY TWO HOURS YESTERDAY, THEN ANNOUNCED THAT NEGOTIATIONS WILL BEGIN IN TOKYO AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.

IT IS EXPECTED THAT THE UNITED STATES WILL INSIST THAT JAPAN REPAY ABOUT ONE THIRD OF THE AMOUNT, OR 600 TO 640 MILLION DOLARS.

THIS WOULD FOLLOW THE LINES OF A 1953 SETTLEMENT WITH WEST GERMANY, WHICH WAS ASKED TO REPAY ABOUT ONE THIRD OF THE THREE BILLIONS IT GOT IN POSTWAR AID.

THE JAPANESE GOVERNMENT WOULD LIKE TO SEE THE REPAID FUNDS USED BY THE UNITED STATES FOR DEVELOPMENT OF SOUTHEAST ASIAN COUNTRIES. BUT JAPANESE OFFICIALS DESCRIBE THIS AS A SECONDARY OBJECTIVE TO BE ACHIEVED AFTER AGREEMENT ON A SETTLEMENT FIGURE.

JA553AED

End Oct. 3, 1959